

Benefits of Additive Manufacture

Carl Gregg

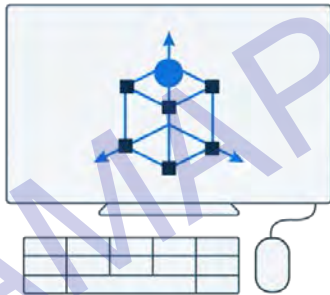
Product and Process Design Specialist

Additive Manufacture

Parts built by process of adding layers of material as opposed to stock removal in more traditional manufacturing processes such as CNC milling.

Additive Manufacture

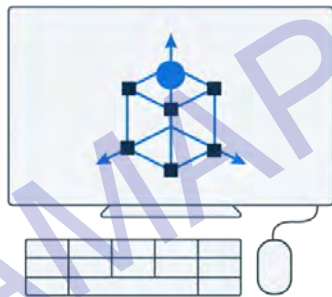
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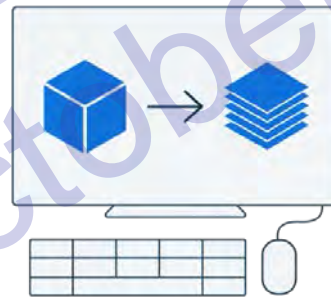
CAD Model

Additive Manufacture

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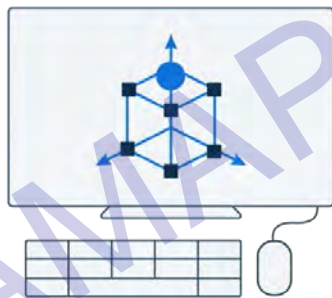
CAD Model



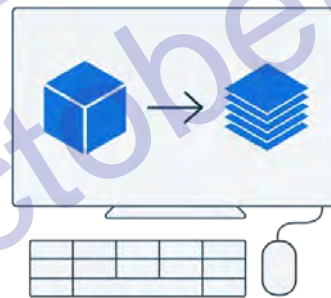
Slicing Software

Additive Manufacture

Parts built by process of adding layers of material apposed to stock removal in more traditional manufacturing processes such as CNC milling.



CAD Model



Slicing Software



3D Print

3D Printing at SAM

formlabs 

Ultimaker 

 **Markforged**

3D Printing at SAM

formlabs 

Models: **Form 2**

Technology: **SLA**

Build Volume: **145 × 145 × 175 mm**

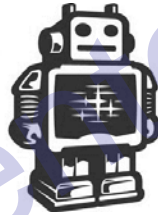
Layer height : **24-100 microns**

Benefits: **Very fine details possible**
Range of materials available



3D Printing at SAM

Ultimaker



Models: s5 and 2+ Extended

Technology: FFF (FDM)

Build Volume: 330 x 240 x 300 mm

Layer height : 20-600 microns

Benefits: Extensive materials available
Option of low cost materials
Dual Extruder



3D Printing at SAM



Models: Mark Two

Technology: Composite

Build Volume: 320 x 132 x 154 mm

Layer height : 100 microns

Benefits: Nylon with chopped CF
Continuous fibre:
Carbon Fibre, Kevlar,
Glass Fibre



3D Printing at SAM



Models: Metal X

Technology: ADAM

Build Volume: 300 x 220 x 180 mm

Layer height : 50 microns

Benefits: Prints end use parts in metal.
Stainless Steel, Inconel, Titanium
Tool Steel, 6061, 7075



3D Printing at SAM



Models: Metal X

Technology: ADAM

Build Volume: 300 x 225 x 180 mm

Layer height: 100 microns

Benefits: prints end-use parts in
Stainless Steel, Inconel, Titanium
Tool Steel, 6061, 7075



3D Printing at SAM

Two main purposes of 3D printing as part of the project:

Presented at Forum
AMAP / EMCON
October 2018

3D Printing at SAM

Two main purposes of 3D printing as part of the project:

Prototyping parts

As part of a design process, parts are produced to test for fit and function or produced as end use pieces.

3D Printing at SAM

Two main purposes of 3D printing as part of the project:

Prototyping parts

As part of a design process, parts are produced to test for fit and function or produced as end use pieces.

Prototyping processes

As part of a process review, 3D printers could be tested for use in a workflow e.g. a company is looking to purchase a 3D printer for producing 3D printed jigs in-house.

Potential uses for 3D Printing

High Fidelity Prototyping

Paralenz

Details at formlabs.com



Potential uses for 3D Printing

High Fidelity Prototyping

- 20-25 high-quality housing iterations produced in-house in just a few months.
- Paralenz even used the prototypes for tests in a pressure tank and real-life tests diving in the sea. The 3D prints were tested to 150 m in salt water without any problems.
- Estimated over \$10,000 saved in outsourcing costs.

Potential uses for 3D Printing

End Use Part (in consumer product)

Black and Decker

Details at markforged.com



Potential uses for 3D Printing

End Use Part (in consumer product)



Potential uses for 3D Printing

End Use Part (in consumer product)

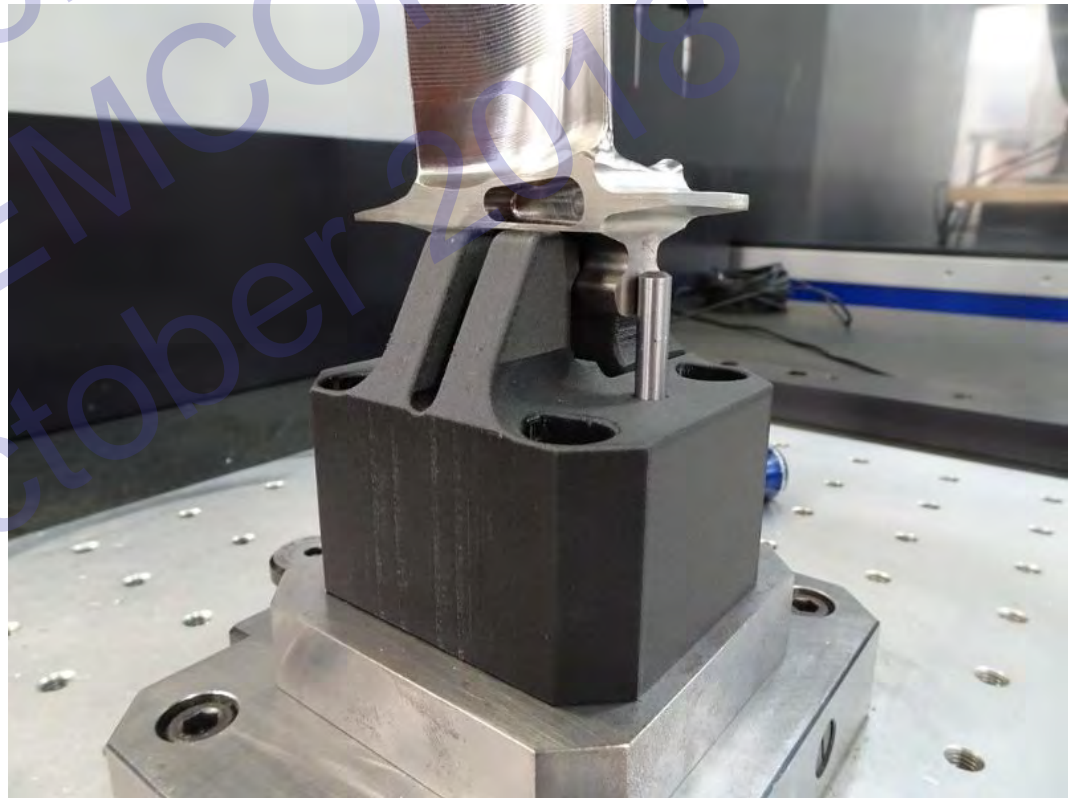
- Redesign of actuator part for 3D printing.
- 20x faster to produce, reducing lead times by 95% indicating overall lead times for annual output cut by 69%
- 12x cheaper than machining, cost for single component reduced by 92%

Potential uses for 3D Printing

Jet Turbine CMM Fixture

JJ Churchill

Details at markforged.com



Potential uses for 3D Printing

Jet Turbine CMM Fixture

- Previous methods used high precision, custom machined fixtures.
- Switch to 3D printed fixtures (MarkForged Onyx with Carbon Fibre reinforcement) produced functionally equivalent parts with added bonus of been none marking.

Potential uses for 3D Printing

Jet Turbine CMM Fixture

- Typical previous machining costs were \$1590 with a 10 day turnaround.
- Typical 3D printed equivalent cost are \$330 with a 3 day turnaround.
- Saving 70% time and 80% cost.

Potential uses for 3D Printing

Manufacturing Aids

Volkswagen

Autoeuropa

Details at ultimaker.com



Potential uses for 3D Printing

Manufacturing Aids

- Previously, the design, prototyping and manufacture of aids was outsourced.
- Process was expensive and slow and did not fit with the necessary trial and error approach VW used to develop new tools.
- e.g. Liftgate Badge Jig: previously €400 per part lead time of 45 days compared to €10 per part with 4 day lead time.

Potential uses for 3D Printing

Manufacturing Aids



In-house team at Pilot Plant in Volkswagen Autoeuropa, Portugal

Potential uses for 3D Printing

Manufacturing Aids

- After initial trial of a single desktop printer, VW plant now has a seven machines that are used to produce items in-house.
- Transition to 3D printing has reduced development time by 95% and costs by 91%.
- 2017 savings circa €325,000.

More Info

Manufacturer Websites (used for case studies):

www.MarkForged.com

www.Ultimaker.com

www.FormLabs.com

Other industry resources:

www.ge.com/additive/additive-manufacturing

www.3dprintingindustry.com

www.all3dp.com

www.3ders.org